
Analysis of the Influence of Agricultural Industry Clusters on County Economic Development

Nannan Zhang

Henan University, Kaifeng, 475001, China

Abstract

From the perspective of industrial clusters, this paper analyzes the status quo and characteristics of the recycling industry of recycled metals in Changge city and its role in promoting the economic growth of the county, and the relationship between the recycling industry of recycled metal and the economic growth in Dazhou town is empirically tested. The research results show that there is a correlation between the large-cycle regenerative metal recycling industry and the county economic growth. At the same time, Dazhou town recycled metal recycling industry plays a role in promoting the county economy. Dazhou town's non-ferrous metal industry mainly benefits from some entrepreneurs with developmental vision, and clusters promote the employment of local farmers and the construction of urbanization, realizing the integrated development of industry and city. In the era of Internet plus, Dazhou Recycling Metal Recycling Industry actively participates in the trend of "Internet plus Renewable Resources" and "Internet plus Logistics" to promote the development of industrial clusters towards a greener and sustainable direction.

Keywords

Industrial cluster; county economy; recycled metal recycling industry; Changge city Dazhou Town.

1. Introduction

With the rapid development of China's urbanization, domestic mineral resources are gradually exhausting, and it is difficult to support economic growth. At the same time, China produces a large amount of abandoned resources every year. The urban mineral resources are increasing in the form of waste, providing alternative raw resources for industrial production. The "recycled raw materials", "urban minerals" came into being under the background of the times. It is an image metaphor for the scale-up development of waste resources recycling^[1]. During the 12th Five-Year Plan period, the National Development and Reform Commission and the Ministry of Finance issued the "Notice on the Construction of Urban Mineral Demonstration Bases"^[2], proposing that the implementation of "urban mines" is to alleviate resource bottleneck constraints, reduce environmental pollution, develop circular economy, and foster The effective way of the new economic growth point is also an important strategy to achieve sustainable development of enterprise clusters and industrial agglomerations. The construction of urban mineral demonstration bases is particularly important. Especially for the research of village and town industries^{[3][4][5][6]}, the development in recent years has been particularly eye-catching. Up to now, the National Development and Reform Commission has identified six batches of 49 "urban minerals" demonstration bases, including 19 industrial bases are located in rural areas. These industrial villages and towns have become the main source of economic growth in rural areas^[7], an important way to increase farmers' incomes and cultivate new farmers^[8], and also an important channel to solve the employment of farmers and promote the construction of village agriculture^[9].

In the past 30 years, "industrial clusters" have become a hot topic in the research of experts and scholars at home and abroad. The development of industrial clusters can enhance the competitiveness of regional industries and the economies of the whole region^[10], Rozelle believes that the economic agglomeration between the eastern coastal provinces of China is expanding, mainly because of the rapid development of rural industrialization^[11]; Kimura believes that capital support through the network of relatives and knowledge diffusion plays an important role in the diffusion of mechanized production technology. If financial interventions to improve credit channels will have an important impact on the development of rural industries^[12]. Beaudry conducts research on dozens of enterprise clusters in the UK and finds the impact of employee numbers. Factors of industrial clusters^[13]. Lura Paija believes that the ICT industry cluster is the engine of economic growth and enhances the country's competitive advantage through empirical analysis of the Finnish ICT industry cluster. Fan et al^[14] discussed the industrial agglomeration and economic growth in East Asia and China, and concluded that there is a mutually reinforcing relationship between industrial agglomeration and economic growth, using industrial cluster strategies to attract foreign investment and accelerate regional economic development^[15]. Craft Using the theory of new economic geography to explore the regional agglomeration of industries plays an important role in economic performance, scale and regional economic development. From a regional perspective, it reviews the decline of Europe and the rise of the United States and the revival of Asia in the future. It is an important reason for backwardness, but it cannot ignore the important role of industrial agglomeration in economic development^[16].

Chinese scholars' early research on agricultural industrial clusters is mainly distributed in coastal open areas such as the Yangtze River Delta region^[17], the Pearl River Delta region^[18], focusing on the characteristics of township enterprises^{[19][20]} and the formation of development mechanisms^{[21][22]}, agricultural industry Agglomeration and urbanization^{[23][24]}, regional globalization^[25], etc. Compared with coastal agricultural areas, the industrial environment of the mainland agricultural areas is more closed, but in such an environment, there are industrial clusters with strong vitality. After 2000, some scholars began to focus on the industrial clusters in the agricultural areas of the mainland. Li Erling and others used the SNA method to propose that the formation and evolution of the traditional manufacturing cluster network is more endogenous and self-organizing^[26]; Zhang Xiuzhi and others believe that the urban-rural joint space Structural evolution is affected by industrial changes^[27]. Xu Jiawei et al. discussed the response mechanism of the village economy to the industrial agglomeration area, indicating that the village economy has a positive impact on the industrial structure upgrading, occupational transformation, ideological impact, and differentiation in the industrial agglomeration area^[28]; Yu Zhengsong and other enamel industries For example, the evolution of the scale of the traditional process industry has been greatly affected by incidents. The main driving force of spatial evolution is policy arrangement and technological progress^[29]; Li Xuexin and other focus on the cultural industries of rural areas, from the use of geographical resources, local participation, the outside world Link analysis of the mechanism of its formation and development^[30].

At present, there are few studies on the urban mineral recycling industry under the background of resource recycling industry in China. In coastal and urban areas, factor costs are gradually rising. In comparison, the infrastructure of urban mineral recycling industrial parks in the central region is relatively complete, and park management is implemented. The flexibility and efficiency are high, and the factor cost and policy advantages are obvious. Relatively large. Under the background of resource recycling industry, the development model of Changzhou Recycled Metals Circular Economy Industrial Cluster in Changge City is of great significance to the development of the "urban mine" industrial cluster, industrial layout and resource recycling. Based on this, this paper uses the relevant analysis and regression analysis methods to study the relationship between Changzhou City's Da Zhou regenerative metal recycling economy industrial cluster and county economic development, and explore the development path of Da Zhou regenerative metal recycling economy industrial cluster, revealing the promotion of industrial clusters. The positive significance of the process of industrialization and the promotion of sound development of urbanization.

2. Overview of the development of large-scale recycled metal recycling industry cluster

2.1 Formation of large-cycle recycled metal recycling industry cluster

Dazhou Town Recycled Metal Recycling Industry Cluster is located in Dazhou Town, Changge City, Henan Province, adjacent to the core growth pole of the national strategic Central Plains Economic Zone - Zhengzhou Airport Comprehensive Experimental Zone, less than 4km west of Beijing-Zhuhai Expressway, and adjacent to Xinzheng International in the north. The airport is 25km. Dazhou Town has four professional markets: Zhongyuan Characteristic Metal Market, Zhongzhou Aluminum Material Market, Henan Stainless Steel Market and Metal Furnace Market. It also promotes non-ferrous metal products to the whole country through the market, so it has a strong trading and circulation role.

Dazhou Town is a typical rural area on the Yuzhong Plain. It used to be dominated by traditional agriculture. The local area does not have rich raw materials and there is no tradition of processing metal and metal. The non-ferrous metal industry gathers in Da Zhou Town, which is accidental. In the 1980s, due to the harsh conditions of agricultural production, food was not enough. In order to solve the problem of food and clothing, many idle laborers went out of their way to “break” and scrapped scrap metal such as copper and iron. Afterwards, the villagers in Dazhou Town spontaneously carried out reprocessing of scrap metal. In 1982, several people in the town were working in Gongyi City in the province. After mastering the full set of skills from brickmaking to smelting, they began metal smelting in their hometown. Subsequently, the small workshops that caused people around the country to follow suit, follow up, and develop into many farmers, quickly formed. We believe that the reason why the non-ferrous metal industry cluster is formed in Dazhou Town is that the real reason is the existence of entrepreneurs with entrepreneurial qualities behind the accidental factors. They identified the business opportunities contained in the occasional opportunities and successfully used and exploited such opportunities to change the original life path and complete the transition from farmers to industrial entrepreneurs. In the late 1990s, the non-ferrous metal industry in Dazhou Town took a qualitative leap from a small family workshop to a modern enterprise. A new group of entrepreneurs took over the Da Zhou enterprise, carried out shareholding system reform and property rights restructuring, and realized the modern enterprise management system. At the same time, joint local business owners, foreign companies in Zhejiang Wenzhou, Germany and other companies jointly invested in the establishment of large-scale enterprises, and strong cooperation to continue to grow and develop.

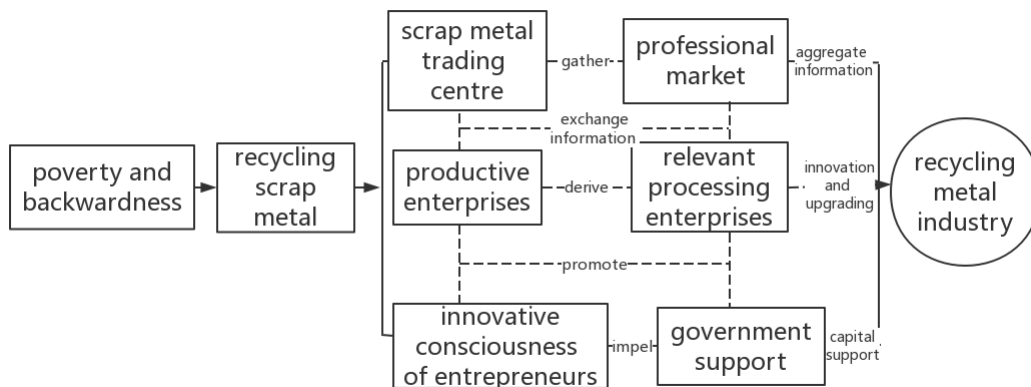


Fig.1 The evolution diagram of recycled metal recycling industry in Da Zhou Town

2.2 Status of the large-scale recycled metal recycling industry cluster

At the end of 2016, the enterprises above designated size of the Da Zhou Recycling Metal Recycling Industry Cluster completed the main business income of 65.6 billion yuan. The park has gathered more than 1,000 economic entities, including 89 enterprises above designated size, with recycled aluminum, recycled copper and recycled stainless steel. The three major industrial bases, which recycle nearly 2 million tons of scrap metal and 1.6 million tons of recycled metals, form a complete circular economy industrial chain of “recycling-sorting-disassembly-smelting-primary processing-intensive processing-sales”. The largest renewable resource recycling base in the north. According to the green development concept, the Dazhou Recycled Metal Recycling Industrial Park has established a trading model of “Internet plus Urban Minerals”, which has further accelerated the transformation and upgrading of the recycled metal industry.

In the past seven years, the total production value of Changge Dazhou Town accounted for less than 18.00% of Changge's GDP in 2007, 2008 and 2011, and the total GDP in 2012-2015 was 19.41%, 19.76%, 20.13%, 19.51, respectively. %, fluctuating around 19%, is relatively stable. As shown in Figure 1, the total industrial output value of the 2015 Longge Township reached 56 billion yuan. In comparison, the total industrial output value in 2005 was 3.673 billion yuan, an increase of 142%. The per capita income of farmers increased from 3,979 yuan in 2004 to 14,500 yuan in 2015, indicating that the agglomeration scale and agglomeration effect of the regenerative metal recycling industry cluster area in Changge Town of Changge has obvious advantages in the province and the whole country.

3. Cases of the regenerative metal recycling industry cluster in Dazhou Town

3.1 Promote the rapid development of urbanization by promoting production

The National “Thirteenth Five-Year Plan” clearly stated that synergistic development should be regarded as a major development concept. On September 18, 2015, the Ministry of Land and Resources and other ministries issued the “Opinions on Supporting the Development of New Industries and New Business Formats to Promote Public Entrepreneurship and Innovation. ”, promote the "production city integration." The practice of Changge Dazhou Town proves that industrial development and urban development are a benign and interactive organic whole.

The exploration of urbanization by the regenerative metal recycling industry in Changge Township has a strong empirical value for the urbanization of Henan and the entire central and western regions. In Changge Dazhou Town, there is no urbanization in the central and western regions: “empty city”, “sleeping city”, “ghost town”, “industrial island”, new housing in rural new district without employment, and rural being upstairs and urbanized phenomenon. In the face of the vigorous recycling metal recycling industry in Dazhou Town, in 2016, the Xuchang Municipal Party Committee and the Municipal Government proposed a grand strategic concept for the construction of “Xuchang•Changge Sino-German Recycling Metal Eco-City” and signed a strategic cooperation framework agreement with Germany. The eco-city has become a China-Germany cooperation demonstration zone in China, which is livable, suitable, suitable for work and suitable for business. It will eventually build a Sino-German project with “three seasons of flowers, four seasons of evergreen”, “there are plants in the forest, and factories in the forest”. In the town of Fengqing, while improving the infrastructure, working environment and quality of life, villagers around Dazhou Town will be more willing to work at the doorstep, and will attract more migrant workers to work and settle here. In 2016, “Changge City Urban and Rural Master Plan (2016-2030)” proposed to upgrade Dazhou Town to Changge Sub-central City, which provided an opportunity for the development of Dazhou Town. In 2017, in the Da Zhou Town Master Plan (2017-2030), Dazhou Town was positioned as a circular economy industrial undertaking area and Zheng Xu integrated node city, from transportation, industrial development, urban development and ecological construction. Good to promote the integration of

urban integration. Especially in the setting of the Zhengxu inter-city railway station, the Dazhou Station was specially set up, which further narrowed the distance from Zhengzhou and Xuchang, and provided transportation convenience for promoting the rapid development of urbanization. In October of the same year, the Small and Medium-sized City Economic Development Committee, the Small and Medium-sized City Development Strategy Research Institute, and the Institute of Development and Environment of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences released the "2017 China Small and Medium-sized City Scientific Development Index Research Achievements" in the People's Daily^[31], Chang Ge for the first time. It ranks among the "Top 100 Counties and Cities in China", which is also the result of the benign interaction, interaction and common development of industrialization and urbanization. Changge Dazhou Town relies on industrial clusters to produce Xingcheng, actively improve infrastructure facilities, and promote the development of surrounding areas, attracting more labor from surrounding villages and returning migrant workers, so that villagers can solve employment problems at their doorsteps. Based on production and employment, it provides strong industrial support for promoting urbanization.

3.2 Industrial transformation and upgrading promote the sustainable development of county economy

On July 4, 2015, the State Council issued the "Guiding Opinions of the State Council on Actively Promoting the "Internet plus" Action"^[32], pointing out that it is necessary to vigorously expand the breadth and depth of integration of the Internet and various fields. "Internet plus", that is, the Internet plus various traditional industries, is the deep integration of the Internet and various traditional industries. Its appearance has greatly shortened the distance of information dissemination, reduced the constraints of space and time, and promoted the rapid development of traditional industries. Faced with various problems in the development of traditional industries, Changge Dazhou Town Recycling Metal Recycling Industrial Park is actively participating in this ranks in line with the opportunity of the "Internet plus" era.

Internet plus Renewable Resources: Da Zhou Town has reached a strategic cooperation agreement with the Dalian Renewable Resources Exchange in the Getian Renewable Resources Trading Market in the park to create the largest renewable resource spot electronic trading center in the central region, namely the "Central Plains Renewable Resources International Trading Center". Established a new model of "urban minerals-e-commerce" cooperation, organically grafting traditional industrial parks with modern trading platforms, and relying on the trading center to provide matching transaction settlement, warehousing logistics, supporting fund services and information services. The OTO model for offline and online simultaneous trading has been initially realized, which has enhanced the competitiveness of enterprises in the industry and provided strong support for enterprises and the healthy development of the industry. The implementation of the "Internet plus Renewable Resources" model has improved the level and scale of renewable resources development in industrial clusters, and promoted the healthy development of the renewable resources recycling industry in the Central Plains, and promoted the transformation of the renewable resources industry in the region from traditional trade to electronic trading. It promoted the transformation and upgrading of the industry and provided a faster green information channel for the province's renewable resources industry to enter the domestic and international markets. It also marked the era of standardization, electronicization, informationization and financialization of the province's renewable resources industry.

Internet plus Logistics: In 2015, the National Development and Reform Commission announced the "2015 National Logistics Operation Report"^[33] data show that the total cost of social logistics is 10.8 trillion yuan, accounting for 16% of GDP, and the annual large-scale logistics costs directly affect The profits of many companies. Da Zhou Recycled Metals Circular Economy Industrial Park is also in the same predicament. For this reason, Dazhou Town Industrial Park and Henan Jinhui Group and Sichuan Hongtu Logistics Co., Ltd. have cooperated to jointly establish Henan Jinhui Labaobao Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd. With the new model of "Internet plus Logistics", it provides

third-party supply chain logistics services, which can effectively reduce the transaction link, realize the intelligent matching of vehicle goods demand, realize information matching instantaneously and efficiently, and improve logistics efficiency, that is, “provide the source of goods for the cargo owner. Providing goods to the owners, maximizing the interests of the owners, drivers and enterprises, can also increase the business of the owners and create more personal employment. There are many private enterprises in Changge, and the logistics market has great potential. The effective implementation of the “Internet plus Logistics” model will help enterprises reduce costs and increase efficiency, enhance the competitiveness of the industry, reduce unnecessary intermediate expenses, and maximize the benefits of enterprises. It has played an active role in promoting the development of Changge's real economy.

4. Conclusion

Based on the data of 2005-2015 Longge City and Dazhou Town, this paper studies the relationship between the regenerative metal recycling industry cluster and the regional economy and the industrial cluster industrial upgrading path based on the regression analysis method. The research shows that:

(1) Promote the city with production and integrate the city. The annual output value of Dazhou Town's recycled metal recycling industry cluster increased by 1%, and the total industrial output value increased by 2.85%. The recycled metal recycling industry cluster has greatly promoted the economic development of Changge City; similarly, Dazhou Town was designated as In the sub-center city of Changge City and the integrated node city of Zhengxu, under the rapid development of urbanization, Dazhou Town is also following the urbanization of “coordinating city integration, industrial driving, westward expansion, and “three-oriented” coordination”. The development strategy will move forward and realize the organic integration of urban development.

(2) To gather people, to make people happy. The Da Zhou Recycling Metal Recycling Industrial Park provides jobs for farmers in the local and surrounding areas, relies on employment pressure, and enables villagers to work at their doorsteps. At present, the wage gap between coastal and inland areas is gradually narrowing, while local daily consumption is less, and the community living environment is gradually improving. Therefore, it attracts a large number of local and surrounding laborers to gather here, and talent gathering places will have Vitality, in turn, will also promote the more sustainable development of industrial agglomeration, and will also reduce the phenomenon of “empty villages” in the villages and the aging, weakening and weakening of the left-behind population. People are prosperous, and then they develop in a circular way, forming a benign interaction and injecting vitality into urban development.

(3) On the whole, the Dazhou Town Recycled Metal Recycling Industrial Park promotes industrial transformation and upgrading through the “Internet Plus” model, and comprehensively reforms key links such as “resource allocation” and “scientific and technological innovation” to fundamentally improve the competitiveness of the industry. It has joined the new model of electronic trading, providing strong support for the healthy development of industrial clusters, promoting the interaction between the large-scale recycled metal recycling industry and regional economic growth, and realizing the sustainable development of resource industry and regional economy.

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